

WILSON'S HUERTA NOTE BARBED WITH THREAT

Mexican Dictator Told His Failure to Retire Will Mean Sterner Measures.

NO CHOICE IS LEFT TO HIM

Suggestion Made That One Man or a Group of Men Shall Conduct Affairs Pending New Elections.

Mexico City, Nov. 4.—The undercurrent of the conversation at the National Palace to-night carried rumors regarding President Huerta's attitude in the face of Washington's demands that he retire, but the President preserved an enigmatical reserve.

Huerta's intimates are familiar with the terms of the communication, which they regard as practically mandatory. The memorandum from the administration at Washington states that unless General Huerta retires immediately, and thereafter has nothing to do with the conduct of affairs or the formation of a new government, the President of the United States will issue an ultimatum, which, if rejected, will cause him to call upon Congress to authorize him to use sterner methods.

The language used caused Huerta's friends to regard the American communication in itself as conclusive since General Huerta is given no choice regarding further participation in Mexico's official affairs.

In the memorandum it is impressed upon General Huerta that his retirement from the Presidency and non-interference part are the only steps which will be acceptable to the American government. He is pointedly reminded that any attempt to leave as his successor any of those men connected with the coup d'etat by which he obtained the Presidency, or to utilize in the proposed government any of those chosen in the recent elections, even those named as members of Congress, would result in the definite breaking off of all relations.

It is suggested that General Huerta be succeeded by some man, or by some small group of men, who will conduct the affairs of government temporarily, somewhat on the line of a commission form of government, and that it be understood that this man or group of men shall immediately take steps to call new elections to establish a permanent government.

General Huerta is reminded that the United States is anxious to avoid trouble, as much for the welfare of Mexico as to preserve international peace. He is finally urged to abandon power, and to do it immediately, since the American government, it is indicated, will tolerate no further temporizing.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Nov. 4.—The Secretary of State came out to-day with a strong denial that any "ultimatum" had been sent by this government to General Huerta.

Secretary Bryan, however, would go no further than to deny that there had been an ultimatum, and there is a widespread belief, amounting to conviction, that a communication has been addressed to Huerta regarding his tenure of office, probably carefully designed to "smoke him out" regarding his plans for the future. Foreign governments interested in Mexico have been informed by the State Department that a denial of the stories from Mexico City of an ultimatum has been made.

It was admitted officially this afternoon by the Secretary of the Navy that the battleships of the fourth division, now on the way to Mexico to relieve the vessels already there, will, in fact, reinforce the ships now there rather than supplant them. This will give a naval force of seven battleships and two gunboats to the Gulf coast of Mexico. It is obvious that all of the vessels will stay in Mexico, and that the situation there is serious.

The statement issued by Mr. Bryan says: "I have made it a rule not to discuss newspaper reports concerning international matters, but the nature of the dispatches from Mexico this morning suggests a departure from the rule at this time."

No ultimatum has been sent to Mexico, and it is unfortunate that the press should give credence to such a report. The harm done by speculations, or even inaccuracies in regard to domestic questions is limited, because the people are acquainted with the subject and can make allowances; but as misstatements in regard to international matters may lead to serious consequences I feel justified in making the above denial."

Mr. Bryan said that he had nothing to add to this statement. He commented tartly on the dispatches from Mexico City and intimated his suspicions that the story did not come from the Mexican capital. He indicated a strong belief that news dispatches concerning the Mexican situation were being so handled as to conceal their origin, and he talked about dispatches being sent from this country to England and then back to the United States, but said that investigations concerning these things brought no results, as the trail was always obscured.

The correspondent of The Tribune has good reason to believe that the communication made to Huerta is in effect practically such as was described in The Tribune to-day. While it may not be an ultimatum in the sense in which Mr. Bryan uses the term in his denial, it is directed solely to the purpose of inducing Huerta to eliminate himself. There is also reason to believe that the announcement of the delivery of the communication was premature administration.

Regarding the future course of the United States it is believed that practically everything depends on the attitude of Huerta. It is considered here that it would be like him again to refuse to countenance the proposals from this government, and that there has been nothing to indicate any inclination to sever himself from the government. On the other

hand, it is known that the administration believes that developments in Mexico will soon make Huerta's position untenable. He has said that he will not be President, but he has also intimated that he intended to become chief of the armed forces, which would mean, in the opinion of officials, that he would remain practically in control.

An air of confidence in official circles is taken to indicate that the United States is satisfied that practically all the great powers have agreed to support the administration's policy, at least to the extent of observing a strictly neutral attitude and allowing the United States to test its own plan for restoring peace in Mexico.

"ULTIMATUM" CAUSED SENSATION IN LONDON

[By Cable to The Tribune.]

London, Nov. 4.—A sensation was caused here yesterday when the afternoon papers published a circumstantial account of the presentation of an ultimatum from President Wilson to General Huerta. "The Times," referring to the subsequent official denial of the story, says:

"The rebuke which Secretary Bryan administered to certain American journalists for excessive credulity is not undeserved. 'So lately as Monday President Wilson repeated with emphasis that intervention had been absolutely not considered, and to intervention an ultimatum must almost inevitably lead, but while opinion on this side was from the first incredulous about the issue of the ultimatum, it never supposed that the story need be wholly without foundation.'"

"Relations between Huerta and Washington, which were very bad before, have not been improved by the recent elections. Our only interest in the controversy, as we have repeatedly explained, is that Mexico should obtain with the least possible delay a government able and willing to protect life and property. We shall be delighted if President Wilson can accomplish that end by the diplomatic processes he is understood to contemplate."

"If President Wilson can secure a firm government and an honest government in the neighboring republic without a preliminary season of bloodshed and chaos he will have performed a very remarkable diplomatic feat, but the damage done to American interests by the long continued disorders in Mexico is so great that we can understand his attempting it."

"The Daily Chronicle" says: "President Wilson has sent what is in substance an ultimatum to Huerta. The reported denials from Mr. Bryan and Mr. O'Shaughnessy seem to refer to its form only. No one alleges that a regular note was served on the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, but the communication passed from O'Shaughnessy to Huerta through the latter's private secretary."

"The effect is the same. Either Huerta must surrender or the United States must undertake a Mexican war. If the United States had to settle down to the military conquest of the country the cost in American blood and treasure would probably be heavy. Our task in South Africa was similar, but on a much smaller scale."

FRENCH EXPRESS WRECKED

Dead Estimated at Between 40 and 50—Cars in Flames.

Paris, Nov. 4.—The Marseilles-Paris express was in collision to-night with another train, and seven coaches filled with passengers were practically reduced to splinters. The wreckage then caught fire. The number of dead is estimated at between forty and fifty.

The accident occurred near Melun, which is twenty-seven miles from Paris. All the doctors in Melun were requisitioned and others have been urgently summoned from the surrounding towns. At midnight, in addition to the dead, many injured had been taken from the wreck.

WOMAN MURDERER TO DIE

Connecticut Court Sentences Her and Two Men To Be Hanged.

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

New Haven, Nov. 4.—Three murderers, one a woman, were sentenced to death this afternoon by Judge Lucien Burpe, of the Superior Court, in exactly twelve minutes. They were Mrs. Mary Wakefield and William Plew, of Middlebury, and Joseph Bergeron, of New Britain. Mrs. Wakefield and Plew killed Mrs. Wakefield's husband, John, a farmer, and Bergeron killed Mrs. Emma Dowsette, of New Britain.

Plew and Mrs. Wakefield had lived together, but Mrs. Wakefield returned to her husband. Plew revisited her and the three quarrelled and Plew and Mrs. Wakefield slew the husband.

Bergeron's murder was also brutal, he shooting down Mrs. Dowsette in the presence of her family.

Mrs. Wakefield declared that Plew killed her husband, but a jury found her guilty in the first degree. She is the first convicted woman to be sentenced to death, although one was hanged for witchcraft in 1655. Plew and Bergeron took advantage of a new law that allowed them to plead guilty, leaving the degree of guilt to be fixed by court. Plew and Mrs. Wakefield were sentenced to be hanged on March 4, and Bergeron on February 4 in the state prison at Wethersfield. Mrs. Wakefield collapsed and was led from jail by Mrs. Charles Donohue, wife of the jailer. Petitions will be sent to Governor Baldwin to commute Mrs. Wakefield's sentence to life imprisonment.

BOYS SET "L" AFIRE

Policeman Burns Clothes, Then Gets Soaked Putting It Out.

Members of the youthful Battle Row gang started a huge bonfire last night when the Second avenue elevated structure at 63d street. Patrolman Murray, who had been switched over temporarily from the West Side, tried to extinguish the fire, which had spread to the elevated structure. As a result his trousers were burned.

The fire having gained such headway that southbound trains were held up, Engine 23 was called. Even then Murray was not satisfied that he could not assist, and he got in front of a four-inch stream of water, that not only failed him but spoiled his uniform. The engine company settled the fire without trouble.

CALLS HARVESTER TRUST GREAT PERKINS EDUCATOR

Attorney Combating Government Suit for Dissolution Says It Is Forcible Good.

\$120,000,000 PUT INTO IT

Success of Vast Combine Due to Genius of Former Morgan Partner, Who Saw Its Foreign Possibilities.

St. Paul, Nov. 4.—William D. McHugh, of Omaha, fighting the federal suit for dissolution of the International Harvester Company in the United States District Court, to-day pictured the concern as one of the greatest educational and beneficial forces in this country. He assigned to George W. Perkins, of New York, credit for this achievement, and asserted that without Mr. Perkins' mind to direct the organization and expansion of the business the International Harvester Company of to-day would have been an impossibility.

McHugh, who was continuing the argument he began shortly before adjournment of court yesterday, appealed to the bench to hold in mind the old English legal maxim, "Tell me what you've done under a deed and I'll tell you what the deed is," in judging the harvester concern's management and direction of its vast business.

Then Mr. McHugh told the epic of the great harvester concern's organization and its expansion at home and abroad, sketching it as one of the greatest factors in the settlement of the vast reaches of Siberia and other remote countries.

"One hundred and twenty millions of capital were put into this concern," he said, "and of this amount one-half, sixty million dollars of stock was issued for cash. The rest was put aside to cover the properties of the various large concerns that went into it. Now I desire to impress upon this court that this sixty millions in property actually existed. The most elaborate, the most thorough appraisal ever made in this country was made on the properties of the firms about to enter the International Harvester Company."

"Two of the biggest appraisal companies were engaged to do the work and each was a check on the other. There existed a rivalry between the McCormick and Deering companies in the matter of this appraisal that precluded possibility of anything but thorough work on the part of the appraisers."

"And what was the result? It was found that these properties were worth more than sixty millions, more than the stock issued to cover them. Then the appraisers again went to work, shaving down here, shaving down there, on the properties and stocks of the concerns involved until the total amount had been reduced to meet the sixty million dollar figure."

"Three million dollars was paid Mr. Morgan as a commission. Even this three million had tangible assets. The company, absolutely, was organized on an honest basis, with every share of stock worth more than its face value."

McHugh then attacked the government's charge that the subject of foreign trade was an afterthought of the officials of the harvester company. He said that the naming of the company was done particularly with a view to the matter of foreign trade.

PULITZER LOSES TO SHERIFF

St. Louis, Nov. 4.—Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., publisher and editor of the St. Louis "Post-Dispatch," pleaded guilty to-day in a Justice's court at Clayton, Mo., to reckless driving in his automobile and paid a fine of \$25.

Mr. Pulitzer was arrested by Sheriff Bode, of St. Louis County. He said that on Sunday, to prevent an automobile that was following from passing him and giving him its dust, he speeded up. The other machine was driven by the sheriff.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Official Record and Forecast.—Washington, Nov. 4.—The north disturbance of Monday has passed off the Canadian coast, attended by light rains that during the last twenty-four hours extended over New England, the middle Atlantic states, the lower lake region and portions of the upper lake region. Elsewhere over the Eastern half of the country the weather was fair, with high pressure prevailing generally. Pressure is also high in the West, except in the extreme Northwest, although rains continued in the Southwest and the Pacific states, and rains and snows in the central and south Rocky Mountain region.

Temperatures have fallen considerably from the Ohio Valley and the lake region east and also in portions of interior Texas, and have risen in the north Rocky Mountain region and the Northwest. They are, however, moderate over all sections except the Southwest.

With the exception of local rains Wednesday in the Gulf states, and probably on Thursday near the Gulf of Mexico, fair weather will prevail east of the Rocky Mountains during the next few days, with, however, some prospects of unsettled weather Wednesday night or Thursday in the Northwest. West of the Rocky Mountains the weather will be unsettled, with rains in the coast states and local rains in the interior.

Temperatures will rise over the central portion of the country on Wednesday and in the East on Thursday, by which time they will again be falling in the Northwest.

The winds along the North Atlantic, moderate west and northwest; Middle Atlantic, moderate west; South Atlantic, moderate variable; becoming east; East Gulf, light to moderate northeast and east; West Gulf, light to moderate east; lower lakes, moderate west and northwest, becoming variable; upper lakes, moderate variable, becoming southeast.

Forecast for Special Localities.—For Eastern New York, fair to-day; to-morrow, fair; slightly warmer; in west: moderate west and

DIES OF FOOTBALL INJURY

George H. Gay, Former Ursinus Captain, Meets Untimely End.

Phoenixville, Penn., Nov. 4.—George H. Gay, of Blackington, Mass., a former star player of the Ursinus College team, died in a hospital here to-day from a broken neck received in a football game last Saturday.

Gay was playing fullback on the Union Club team against the Pottstown eleven and was running with the ball when he was tackled from behind. He was thrown heavily and became unconscious.

Gay was an all-round athlete. He was a former captain of the Ursinus football team and was captain of the baseball nine last year. He was coach of the soccer team and this year acted as assistant coach of the Ursinus football squad. He had played four years on the football team and therefore was ineligible to play this year. He was to have been graduated next June. He was twenty-seven years old.

Until last Saturday Gay had never been hurt badly enough in a football game to cause him to be taken out.

The Union Club, a semi-amateur team of Phoenixville, has defeated the Pennsylvania Military Academy and Franklin and Marshall College will be called off.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Surprise, 6:30; sunset, 4:54; moon sets, 11:17; moon's age, 1.

HIGH WATER.

Sandy Hook, 12:50; 12:45; 12:40; 12:35; 12:30; 12:25; 12:20; 12:15; 12:10; 12:05; 12:00; 11:55; 11:50; 11:45; 11:40; 11:35; 11:30; 11:25; 11:20; 11:15; 11:10; 11:05; 11:00; 10:55; 10:50; 10:45; 10:40; 10:35; 10:30; 10:25; 10:20; 10:15; 10:10; 10:05; 10:00; 9:55; 9:50; 9:45; 9:40; 9:35; 9:30; 9:25; 9:20; 9:15; 9:10; 9:05; 9:00; 8:55; 8:50; 8:45; 8:40; 8:35; 8:30; 8:25; 8:20; 8:15; 8:10; 8:05; 8:00; 7:55; 7:50; 7:45; 7:40; 7:35; 7:30; 7:25; 7:20; 7:15; 7:10; 7:05; 7:00; 6:55; 6:50; 6:45; 6:40; 6:35; 6:30; 6:25; 6:20; 6:15; 6:10; 6:05; 6:00; 5:55; 5:50; 5:45; 5:40; 5:35; 5:30; 5:25; 5:20; 5:15; 5:10; 5:05; 5:00; 4:55; 4:50; 4:45; 4:40; 4:35; 4:30; 4:25; 4:20; 4:15; 4:10; 4:05; 4:00; 3:55; 3:50; 3:45; 3:40; 3:35; 3:30; 3:25; 3:20; 3:15; 3:10; 3:05; 3:00; 2:55; 2:50; 2:45; 2:40; 2:35; 2:30; 2:25; 2:20; 2:15; 2:10; 2:05; 2:00; 1:55; 1:50; 1:45; 1:40; 1:35; 1:30; 1:25; 1:20; 1:15; 1:10; 1:05; 1:00; 12:55; 12:50; 12:45; 12:40; 12:35; 12:30; 12:25; 12:20; 12:15; 12:10; 12:05; 12:00; 11:55; 11:50; 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4:55; 4:50; 4:45; 4:40; 4:35; 4:30; 4:25; 4:20; 4:15; 4:10; 4:05; 4:00; 3:55; 3:50; 3:45; 3:40; 3:35; 3:30; 3:25; 3:20; 3:15; 3:10; 3:05; 3:00; 2:55; 2:50; 2:45; 2:40; 2:3